IN THE CLAIMS:

The claims are reiterated for the convenience of the Examiner.

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. A method for high throughput screening of prokaryotic genomic DNA samples to identify one or more enzymes encoded by the prokaryotic DNA of said sample, comprising the steps of;
 - a) generating a normalized, multispecific, prokaryotic expression library;
 - b) inserting bioactive substrates into samples of the library;
 - c) screening the samples with a fluorescent analyzer that detects bioactive fluorescence;
 - d) separating samples detected as positive for bioactive fluorescence; and
 - e) determining the DNA sequence of positive samples;
 - wherein the DNA sequence identifies and encodes an enzyme that catalyzes the bioactive substrate detected in step d).
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the enzyme is selected from the group consisting of lipases, esterases, proteases, glycosidases, glycosyl transferases, phosphatases, kinases, mono- and dioxygenases, haloperoxidases, lignin peroxidases, diarylpropane peroxidases, epozide hydrolases, nitrile hydratases, nitrilases, transaminases, amidases, and acylases.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the prokaryotic expression library contains at least of about 2×10^6 clones.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is a prokaryotic cell.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the prokaryotic cell is gram negative.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is encapsulated in a gel microdrop.

- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the high-throughput screening step c) screens up to about 35 million samples per hour.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the prokaryotic expression library contains extremophiles.
- 9. The method of claim 3, wherein the extremophiles are thermophiles.
- 10. The method of claim 3, wherein the extremeophiles are selected from the group consisting of hyperthermophiles, psychrophiles, halophiles, psychrotrophs, alkalophiles, and acidophiles.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the bioactive substrate comprises C12FDG.
- 12. The method of claim 10, wherein the bioactive substrate further comprises a lipophilic tail.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the samples are heated before step b).
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the heating is in the range of about 70°C.
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the heating occurs in the range of about 30 minutes.
- 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the fluorescent analyzer comprises a FACS apparatus.
- 17. The method of claim 1, wherein the prokaryotic expression library is biopanned before step b).

- 18. (Amended) The method of claim 1, including [the additional steps of :] subjecting a[n] <u>first</u> enzyme encoded by the DNA identified in step d), in order to [directed evolution] <u>obtain an enzyme with an altered activity</u>, comprising [the steps of]:
 - a) [subjecting] <u>introducing at least one mutation into the DNA encoding</u> the first enzyme [to] <u>by non-directed mutagenesis</u>; and
 - b) comparing the enzyme activity of a DNA expression product from a) with the activity of the first enzyme wherein a difference in activity is indicative of an effect of at least one mutation, thereby providing an enzyme with an altered activity [screening mutant enzymes produced in step a) for a mutant enzyme that is stable at a temperature of at least in the range of about 60°C and that has functioning enzymatic activity at a temperature at least 10°C below its optimal temperature range and that catalyzes a greater amount of a catalytic substrate per a defined unit of time than the enzyme of step a)].

As amended, claim 18 reads as follows:

- 18. The method of claim 1, including subjecting a first enzyme encoded by the DNA identified in step d), in order to obtain an enzyme with an altered activity, comprising:
 - a) introducing at least one mutation into the DNA encoding the first enzyme by non-directed mutagenesis; and
 - b) comparing the enzyme activity of a DNA expression product from a) with the activity of the first enzyme, wherein a difference in activity is indicative of an effect of at least one mutation, thereby providing an enzyme with an altered activity.